

Environment Act Licence

Manitoba
Environment



Licence No. 2070 S1
Issue Date June 30, 1995

In accordance with the Manitoba Environment Act (C.C.S.M. c. E125)

THIS LICENCE IS ISSUED TO:

WILLIAM FULLERTON:
"the Licencee"

STAGE 1 LICENCE

for the Development which is the carrying out of forest management activities within the geographical boundaries of Forest Management Unit 13, as detailed in the 1995/96 Quota Holder Annual Harvest Plan, Mountain Forest Section, Forest Management Units 11 and 13, prepared by Repap Manitoba and approved by Manitoba Natural Resources, subject to the specifications, limits, terms and conditions of this Licence.

DEFINITIONS

In this Licence:

"all-weather road" means a graded and/or graveled road that may be passable by vehicles under both wet and dry weather conditions;

"buffer" means vegetation of sufficient height and density to act as a visual barrier between a harvested area and a road, or a band or area left around sensitive sites such as water bodies, wildlife habitat, etc.;

"chance road" means a temporary ungraveled road with minimal grade development, that may be passable by vehicles only when dry or frozen;

"cutover" means an area from which timber has been harvested;

"cutting block" means a forested area with defined boundaries in which specific forest stands or parts thereof are approved for harvest;

"Director" means an employee so designated pursuant to The Act;

"habitat" means the place where an organism lives and/or the conditions thereof, including soil, vegetation, water and food;

"harvesting" means the cutting and removal of trees from a forested area;

"ice bridge" means a temporary crossing constructed from ice, snow, and/or log material that may be passable by vehicles under frozen conditions;

"I.R.M.T." means the regional Integrated Resource Management Team of Manitoba Natural Resources located in the Northwest Region (The Pas), the Northeast Region (Thompson), the Western Region (Dauphin), and the Central Region (Gimli), and composed of members of the following branches of the Department: Forestry, Wildlife, Regional Operations, Lands, Fisheries, Water Resources, and Parks and Natural Areas, and which is organized to review regional natural resources issues;

"reforestation" means the establishment of trees on previously forested lands by natural seed germination or artificial restocking (i.e. planting and/or seeding), also referred to as forest regeneration;

"rehabilitate" means physical treatment of a disturbed site to reclaim its productive potential. This may include, but is not limited to: leveling the surface, establishing appropriate slopes to prevent erosion, loosening compacted surface soils to enable vegetation to root successfully, and revegetation to promote the development of the former species composition;

"scarification" means a method of seed bed preparation which consists of exposing patches of mineral soil through mechanical action;

"silviculture" means the science and methods used to tend, harvest and replace forests;

"site preparation" means the physical or chemical methods used to prepare a site for planting or to promote natural reforestation;

"slash" means the residue left on the ground after harvesting, including unused logs, uprooted stumps, branches, tops, etc.;

"stand" means a community of trees sufficiently uniform in species, age, arrangement or condition to be distinguishable as a group from the forest or other growth on the area;

"succession" means the replacement of one plant community by another in progressive development toward climax vegetation;

